## §315.611

- (3) Meets the qualifications requirements of the job: and
- (4) Is appointed within 1 year after separating from service as a Guard Technician.
- (b) The noncompetitive appointing authority also applies to National Guard technicians separated before October 29, 1986, provided they are appointed within a year of the date of separation.

[52 FR 5431, Feb. 23, 1987]

## § 315.611 Appointment of certain veterans who have competed under agency merit promotion announcements.

- (a) Agency authority. An agency may appoint a preference eligible or a veteran who has substantially completed at least 3 years of continuous active military service provided
- (1) The veteran was selected from among the best qualified following competition under a merit promotion announcement open to candidates outside the agency's workforce; and
- (2) The veteran's most recent separation from the military was under honorable conditions.
- (b) Definitions. "Agency" in this context means an executive agency as defined in 5 U.S.C. 105. The agency determines in individual cases whether a candidate was released "shortly before" completing the required 3 years and should therefore be eligible for appointment.

 $[65~{\rm FR}~14432,~{\rm Mar}.~17,~2000]$ 

## § 315.612 Noncompetitive appointment of certain military spouses.

- (a) Agency authority. In accordance with the provisions of this section, an agency may appoint noncompetitively a spouse of a member of the armed forces serving on active duty who has orders specifying a permanent change of station (not for training), a spouse of a 100 percent disabled service member injured while on active duty, or the unremarried widow or widower of a service member who was killed while performing active duty.
- (b) Definitions. (1) Active duty means full-time duty in the armed forces, including full-time National Guard duty, except that for Reserve Component members the term "active duty" does

- not include training duties or attendance at service schools.
- (2) Armed forces has the meaning given that term in 10 U.S.C. 101.
- (3) Duty station means the permanent location to which a member of the armed forces is assigned for duty as specified on the individual's permanent change of station (PCS) orders.
- (4) Member of the armed forces or service member means an individual who:
- (i) Is serving on active duty in the armed forces under orders specifying the individual is called or ordered to active duty for more than 180 consecutive days, has been issued orders for a permanent change of station, and is authorized for dependent travel (i.e., the travel of the service member's family members) as part of the orders specifying the individual's permanent change of station:
- (ii) Retired from active duty in the armed forces with a service-connected disability rating of 100 percent as documented by a branch of the armed forces, or retired or was released or discharged from active duty in the armed forces and has a disability rating of 100 percent as documented by the Department of Veterans Affairs; or
- (iii) Was killed while serving on active duty in the armed forces.
- (5) Permanent change of station means the assignment, reassignment, or transfer of a member of the armed forces from his or her present duty station or location without return to the previous duty station or location.
- (6) *Spouse* means the husband or wife of a member of the armed forces.
- (c) *Eligibility*. (1) A spouse of a member of the armed forces as defined in paragraph (b)(4)(i) of this section must have:
- (i) Married the member of the armed forces on, or prior to, the date of the service member's orders authorizing a permanent change of station; and
- (ii) Relocated with the member of the armed forces to the new duty station specified in the documentation ordering a permanent change of station.
- (2) A spouse of a member of the armed forces as defined in paragraph (b)(4)(iii) of this section must be the un-remarried widow or widower of the member of the armed forces killed on active duty in the armed forces.